

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GRAPHICS OF PROGRAM EAGLE  
A NUMERICAL GRID GENERATION CODE  
ON NASA LANGLEY SNS COMPUTER SYSTEM

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Summer Research Activities  
of

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ABSTRACT:

Program EAGLE (Eglin Arbitrary Geometry Implicit Euler) --- Numerical Grid Generation System is a composite (multi-block), algebraic or elliptic grid generation system designed to discretize the domain in and/or around any arbitrarily shaped three dimensional region. This system combines a boundary conforming surface generation scheme and includes plotting routines designed to take full advantage of the DISSPLA Graphics Package (Version 9.0) developed by ISSCO which is supported by Cray machines; currently being supported by the Cray X-MP at NASA Ames Research Center.

Program EAGLE is written to compile and execute efficiently on any Cray machine with or without Solid State Disk (SSD) devices. Also, the code uses namelist inputs which are supported by all Cray machines using the FORTRAN Compiler CFT77. The namelist inputs makes it easier for the user to understand the inputs and operation of Program EAGLE. EAGLE's numerical grid generator is constructed in the following form:

Main Program (EGG) -----Executive Routine  
Subroutine SURFAC -----Surface generation Routine  
Subroutine GRID ----- Grid Generation Routine  
Subroutine GRDPLOT ----- Grid Plotting Routines

Program EAGLE --- Numerical Grid Generation System was jointly developed by the Air Force Armament Laboratory's (AFATL) Aerodynamics Branch (FXA) (Eglin AFB, Florida) and Mississippi State University's (MSU) Dept. of Areospace Engineering. The developers documented Program EAGLE in three(3) volumes of documentation as follows:

Volume I ----- Executive and Plotting Routines  
Volume II ----- Surface Generation Routine  
Volume III ----- Grid Generation Routine.

Jack Tseng, a doctoral student in the Dept. of Aerospace Engineering, University of Kansas and in conjunction with the Applied Aerodynamics Division/Propulsion Aerodynamics Branch of NASA-LaRC modified Program EAGLE's code to make operational:

Main Program (EGG)  
Subroutine SURFAC  
Subroutine GRID

on the NASA-LaRC SNS Computer (Cray 2S) System. During the modification of EAGLE by Jack Tseng, Subroutine GRDPLOT was deleted from the code by comments. Thus the code (subroutine Grid) could produce output data (coordinates) but could not implement its internal graphics subroutine. More specifically, the output data could only be displayed, graphically, in two environments:

- \* on NASA Ames Cray X-MP, using the Plot3D graphics package or
- \* on an Iris workstation at NASA LaRc, using the Plot3D graphics package (after conversion of data to acceptable form).

Jack Tseng departed NASA LaRC on June 20, 1989, leaving the EAGLE code as indicated. Johnny Houston then began working with the code. It then became the responsibility of this ASEE 89 Faculty Fellow:

- A. To develop a conversion program for the output data of EAGLE's subroutine Grid to permit the data to be graphically displayed by Iris workstations at NASA LaRc, using Plot3D;
- B1. To modify the code of program EAGLE to make operational subroutine Gridplot (using DI- 3000 Graphics Software Packages) on the NASA LaRC SNS Computer System  
Or
- B2. To determine how to implement, graphically, the output data of subroutine Grid on any NASA LaRC graphics terminal that has access to the SNS Computer System's DI-3000 Graphics Software Packages;
- C. To develop a Quick Reference User Guide for the use of program EAGLE on the NASA LaRC SNS Computer System; and
- D. To illustrate (inputs/visual graphics/hardcopy) one or more application program(s), using Program EAGLE on the NASA LaRC SNS Computer System, with emphasis on graphics illustrations.

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All of the items (A thru D) have been or will be accomplished by the end of the tenure of the Faculty Fellow's 1989 summer activities.